





ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

IDAR STATE.

FOR THE YEAR 1942-43

(1-10-42 to 30-9-43)







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To,

*His Highness Maharaja Shree  
Himmat Singhji Sahel Bahadur.  
Maharaja of Idar.*

May it please Your Highness,

I beg to submit the following report on the  
Administration of Your Highness' State for  
the year 1942-43 covering the period of 12  
months from 1st October 1942 to 30th Septem-  
ber 1943.

I beg to remain  
Your Highness' most obedient Servant

J. N. BHANDARI  
DEWAN, IDAR STATE.

HIMATNAGAR,  
August 1944



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## Erratum.

In Page	Line	
3	3	for "Principial" please read "Principal"
3	12	for "accompained" please read "accompanied"
4	7	for "prevalid" please read "prevailed"
4	22	for "Contributed" please read "contributed"
4	last	for "airoplanes" please read "aeroplanes"
5	first	for "Maharajakumar" please read "Maharaj Kumar"
4	9	for "pr poganda" please read "propaganda"
7	17	for "Aers" please read "acres"
8	1	for "aeres" please read "acres"
8	7	for "acreas" please read "acres"
11	5	for "Cses" please read "cases"
14	first	for "48" please read "43"
14	19	for "Governments" please read "Government"
17	3	add the word "of" after the word "amount"
18	21	for "Offenderes" please read "Offenders"
23	1	delete the word "and"
24	6	Para 85 for "appicatiu" please read "application"
30	111	for "casualties" please read "casualities"
30	2	Para 113 for "distrubance" please read "disturbance"
35	3	Para 139(b), for "nomineted" please read "nominated"
36	3	Para 140, for "preceeding" please read "preceding"
36	7	Para 140, for "ccnts" please read "Cents"
43	2	Para 169, for "in to" please read "into"
53	3	Para 210, for "weae" please read "were"

In Page Line

55 Para 217, for "Practioners" please read "practitioners"  
wherever it occurs

55 Para 217, Line 1 for "bought" please read "brought"

58 Para 230, for "Oo-operative" please read "Co-operative"

60 5 Para 237, for "grant-iu-aid" please reae  
"grant-in-aid"

64 3 Para 252, for "Broadeasts" please read "Broadcasts"

66 1 please insert a "full stop" after the word "tanks"

70 Last, Para, 264, for "in the of Western India" please  
read "in the States of Western India"

# ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE IDAR STATE.

For the year 1942-43 ending 30th. September 1943

—: (o): —

## CHAPTER 1

—: (o): —

### GENERAL AND POLITICAL

#### Area and Population

1. The State of Idar popularly known as "Nani Marwar" is situated in the north-east of Gujrat, lying between  
*Position.* 23°-6' and 24°-30' north latitude and 73°-43' east longitude. It is bounded on the north by the States of Sirohi and Mewar, on the east by the State of Dungarpur and on the south and west by the British Districts of Ahmedabad and the territory of Baroda.
2. Extreme length and breadth of the State are 96 and 58 miles respectively. It has an area of 1910 square miles and  
*Area, extent and population.* a total population of 3,54,311 souls according to the census of 1941, including the attached units which gives a density of 185 persons per square mile

3. Idar was the largest and the only First Class State in the late Mahi Kantha Agency, a Political division of the *Political Division.* Bombay presidency, and ranked second among the Indian States in that Presidency. Its Ruler, the Maharaja, is entitled to a salute of fifteen guns, and enjoys ple- nary jurisdiction in matters both civil and criminal. The State is in direct relations with the Government of India through the Hon'ble the Resident for the States of Western India.

4. The State pays an yearly tribute of Rs. 30,340 to Baroda State under the denomination of Ghasdana while it *Tribute.* annually receives Rs. 52,457 on account of Khichadi and other Raj Haks from its subordinate Sardars, the tribuate paying Talukas of the former Sabar Kantha Agency, and others.

On account of the attachment Scheme the State has, according to the instrument of attachment, agreed to remit khichdi which it used to recover from some of the Talukas now attached to this State under this Scheme.

5. The State is connected with a railway line from Ahmedabad which passes through 34 miles of State territory *Railway line* terminating at Khed Brahma which is noted for its celebrated temples of Ambaji and Brahmaji the later having the only largest idol of Brahma in the whole of India. The headquarters of the State are at Himatnagar which is a railway station.

6. There are celebrated Jain Temples situated on Idar hills drawing Jain pilgrims from nearly the whole of Gujrat. *Historical places of interest.* Khed Brahma and Samlaji are among the principal places of pilgrimage and they attract Hindoo pilgrims from Gujrat and other parts, especially during the annual fairs.

7. His Highness Shree Maharaja Shree Himmat Singhji Sahab Bahadur, the present ruler of the State was born at Jodhpur in 1899 A. D. and was educated at the *Present Ruler.* Mayo College, Ajmer, from where he passed his Diploma Examination in the year 1916 and stood first among the successful candidates from all Chiefs Colleges in India winning the Viceroy's Medal. He accompanied His late Highness Maharaja Sir Dowlat Singhji to Europe when the latter went to attend the Coronation of the King Emperor in London and served as a page to His Imperial Majesty. He is an excellent sportsman and takes keen interest in almost all the manly games. His Highness succeeded his father, Maharaja Sir Dowlat Singhji, on the 14th. April 1931.

8. His Highness has two sons. The elder one Maharaj Kumar Shree Daljit Singhji who is the Heir Apparent *Heir Apparent.* is 27 years of age. His Highness' younger son Maharaj Kumar Amar Singhji was born on 4—10—1919.

9. His Highness paid occasional visits to Bombay and Poona, *His Highness' movements.* during the year under report.

10. No domestic event of note occurred during the year under

*Domestic* report.  
*Events.*

11; The 45th Birthday of His Highness the Maharaja Sahab  
Bahadur fell on Tuesday the 28th August 1943.

*His Highness* On account of war no Birthday Parade was held.  
*Birthday.*

Otherwise the auspicious day was celebrated with great joy and rejoicing. Mirth and gaiety prevailed all round. Congratulatory messages were sent to His Highness by the public and officers. Prayers were held throughout the State for the long life of His Highness.

12. No event of particular importance took place during the  
year under report.

*Notable*  
*Events.*

13. On the outbreak of War His Highness placed all the  
resources of the State at the disposal of the Govern-

*War* ment. His Highness is giving Rs. 25,000/- annually  
*Efforts.* towards His Excellency the Viceroy's War Purposes

Fund. During the year under report besides the annual contribution of Rs. 25000/—, a sum of over Rs. 6694— was contributed towards the Western India States Agency War Gift Fund and such other funds. Rs. 100/- per month are paid towards the cost of the Western India States Agency War Gazette which is widely Circulated in the State. The State has Contributed a total sum of Rs. 300185 towards various war purposes funds including the cost of two airoplanes since the outbreak of war.

The Her Apparent Maharaja kumar Shri Daljit Singhji Sahab offered his personal services free for instructing the pilots under the L. A. F. training scheme, and worked as an instructor at Bombay and Madras.

The Police force of the State has been largely expanded for the purpose of Internal Security and Mobile columns have been provided both in the police force and the Idar Sir Pratap Infantry.

The Central War Committee continued its efforts for the collection of funds and for doing necessary propoganda.

14. Among the notable guests who visited the State during the year under report were the following:—

*Notable guests*

(1) Lt. Colonel P. Gaisford, C. I. E.,

The Hon'ble the Resident for the States of Western India,

**RAJKOT.**

(2) Lieut-General Sir Frederic Gwatkin, CB., DSG., MC,  
Military Adviser-in-Chief, Indian States Forces,

**NEW DELHI.**

(3) Major-General C. O. Harvey, CB, C.V.C., OBE, MC,  
Military Adviser-in-Chief, Indian States Forces,

**NEW DELHI.**

(4) Colonel S. G. D. Jones,

Military Adviser, Combined Kathiawar and

Gujarat Circle, **RAJKOT.**



- (5) Lt. Colonel K. F. W. Thomas, Military Adviser,  
Combined Kathiawar and Gujerat Circle, **RAJKOT.**
- (6) Major V. W. D. Willoughby, Political Agent, Sabar Kantha  
Agency. **SADRA.**
- (7) Lt. Colonel G. B. Williams,  
Officer on Special duty in the Political Department.
- (8) His Highness the Rana Saheb of Barwani
- (9) Her Highness Shree Maharani Saheba of Jodhpur.
- (10) Shree Maji Saheba of Bikaner.

## GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

- 15. His Highness is the source of all authority.
  - 16. The administration of the State is conducted by the Dewan to whom papers from all departments are submitted for orders, which when passed, are communicated to the heads of various departments for execution as directed.
  - 17. The finance of the State is conducted in a regular system of Budget.
  - 18. The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring States and Talukas continued to be cordial and satisfactory during the year under report.
- Political Relation.*

## CHAPTER II

—(o)—

## LAND REVENUE.

19. Mr. A. P. Kodaisia B SC. continued to work as the Revenue Commissioner throughout the year.

*Personnel*

20. A new Taluka was formed during the year and the State is now divided into eight Talukas or districts each district being in charge of a Mamlatdar. Mamlatdar of Bayad exercises 2nd class magisterial and Munsiff's powers along with revenue powers. Mamlatdars of all the talukas have one Circle Inspector each to help them in revenue work.

*Revenue Divisions.*

21. During the year of report there was an increase of one village in both Khalsa and Jagiri villages, their number being 371 and 535 respectively. The number of Co.-Shared villages remained the same as that of the preceding year viz. 45. The number of hamlets was 257.

*Khalsa co-shared and alienated villages.*

22. The Total area of cultivable land in Khalsa and co-shared villages was acres 2,57,465 and gunthas 19 and acres 25,459 and gunthas 23 respectively. During the year under report out of the total cultivable area stated above, 282778 acres and 5 gunthas were under cultivation leaving 63615 acres and 17 gunthas as fallow land. In order to encourage "grow more food Campaign"

*Area of cultivable and uncultivable lands.*

cultivable waste land to the extent of 50 aeres and 11 gunthas was given rent free.

The unoccupied land in comparison with the total cultivable area works out at 22% as against 25% of last year.

23. Land relinquished during the year was acres 6215 and 6 gunthas assessed at Rs. 110,95-3-0 while that leased out was aereas 15569 and 32 gunthas assessed at Rs. 25971-14-0 while last year the land relinquished was acres 8849 and 34 gunthas assessed at Rs. 14,744-2-0 and the land leased out amounted to acres 74767 and gunthas 22 assessed at Rs 26093-10-0.

24. Land revenue demands of the State amounted to Rs 7,42,750-10-11 as against Rs. 6,66,173-15-7 last  
*Land Revenue*  
*Demands and* year and the recoveries made amounted to Rs.  
*Recoveries.* 7,37,394-4-10 as against Rs 6,55,144-6-1 last  
 year.

25. Arrears at the end of the preceding year amounted to Rs. 1,68,023-12-2, of which Rs. 48,533--11-1 were  
*Arrears and* recovered during the year under report. Thus Rs.  
*Remissions.* 1,19,490-1-6 were left as arrears to be recovered  
 to which the arrears of Rs. 5356-6-1 of the year under report  
 when added brought the figure of arrears to Rs. 1,24,846-7-7  
 at the end of the year.

26. The amount refunded during the year under report was Rs. 3013-11-5 as against Rs. 3405-11-2 las tyear, The amount written off came to Rs. 1,123-6-19 as against Rs. 7443-10-0 last year.

27. One more sub-treasury was opened during the year under report making a total of eight. The arrangement has secured punctuality in payment of bills of subordinate staff of various departments in the districts and has ensured regularity in accounts.

*Mahal Sub-Treasuries.*

28. During the year of report 1363 notices were issued in cases of defaulters as against 2,323 last year.

*Cocrcive measures.*

29. The arrears of loan advances to cultivators with interest accrued due thereon at the begining of the year was Rs. 3,324-2-10 to which the loan advances of the year under report viz Rs. 335-8-9 when added

*Arrears  
Loan of  
advances.*

brought the total to Rs 3659-11-7. Out of this Rs. 1795-1-5 were recovered leaving at the end of the year Rs. 1,864-10-2 including interest due on arrears.

30. The State has adopted a very liberal policy in giving advances to cultivators with a view to encourage them in sinking new wells and repairing old ones. Every year a considerable addition is thus made to the number of existing wells. Free gifts are also given for this purpose to deserving cultivators.

### SURVEY SETTLEMENT.

31. Cash assessment system was in force in most of the khalsa and co-shared villages of the State during the year under report

32. There were at the end of the last preceding year 299 khalsa and 30 co-shared villages in which cash assessment system was in vogue. During the year of report no khalsa or Co-shared village was assessed. The number of unassessed villages at the end of the year remained the same i. e. 71 Khalsa and 15 coshared.

33. Original cash assessment was introduced in 3 Jagiri villages during the year.

34. The number of villages in which Ankdo (a fixed lumpsum) was fixed was 38 as against 42 last year

35. No work of revisional settlement was done during the year under report.

### CUSTOMS-

36. The Department remained in charge of Raj Bhusan Kedar Nath Bhandari throughout the year.

*Personnel*

37. The total income from the import and export duties levied on various articles amounted to Rs. 8,02,664-0-0 during the year under report as against Rs. 394296-0-0 during the previous year showing a net increase of Rs. 40,8368-0-0. The export of all food grains was totally prohibited throughout the year.

*Customs Revenue.*

38. The number of customs cases detected during the year under

31 A. There has been a regular land revenue settlement in almost all the Khalsa and Co-shared villages of the State. These land revenue settlements were carried out during the years 1869 to 1876 and were conducted by Lt. Col. C. J. Prescott, Messrs. J. C. Hall and Yashvant Rao Hari during the years 1869 to 1870, 1870 to 1873 and 1873 to 1878 respectively.

In some of the Jagirs Vaje system still prevails. The Jagirdars of such Jagirs are asked to have the land revenue settlement done without any delay.

31 B The cultivators have been recorded as possessing occupancy right in the land. They possess the right of disposing of their Khed Haks in the lands.

iron, silver, gold, copper and brass vessels, iron sheets, kerosene oil, petrol and timber for buildings.

41. The Shamlaji and Khed Brahma fairs were not held as usual as they were suspended during the period of war in deference to the wishes of the Government.

*Periodical  
Fairs,*

37. The total income from the import and export duties levied—  
on various articles amounted to Rs. 8,02,664-0-0  
*Customs* during the year under report as against Rs. 394296-0-0  
*Revenue.* during the previous year showing a net increase  
of Rs. 40,8368-0-0. The export of all food grains was totally  
prohibited throughout the year.

he number of customs cases detected during the year under

*Smuggling Cases* report was 286 involving a sum of Rs. 1725-15-4. The cases pending inquiry and disposal at the beginning of the year were 41 making a total of 327 cases. Out of these 290 cases were disposed of leaving a balance of 37 cases. The fines recovered from the decided cases amounted to Rs. 17,135-9-4. Adequate rewards were given to all the persons who detected or helped the detection of the cases.

39. Exemption from the customs duty is granted on goods imported for the purposes of educational, charitable and religious institutions. The State Jagirdars are also exempted from payment of customs duty on all commodities imported for their personal use. *Remission of Customs Duty.* The customs duty so remitted, during the year amounted to Rs. 6929-1-10 as against Rs. 9546-14-3 last year.

40. The principal articles of export during the year were sesame, methi, groundnuts, mahura flowers and seeds, gum, cotton and cotton seeds, leather, charcoal and tobacco whereas the principal items of import were jaggery, sugar, rice, yarn, cloth, salt, spices, scents, coconuts, iron, silver, gold, copper and brass vessels, iron sheets, kerosene oil, petrol and timber for buildings. *Export and Imports.*

41. The Shamlaji and Khed Brahma fairs were not held as usual as they were suspended during the period of war in deference to the wishes of the Government. *Periodical Fairs.*



## EXCISE.

42. Mr. F. B. Kazi held the charge of the department throughout the year under report.

*Personnel.*

43. The State owns a distillery at Idar and it was worked by *Central Distillery*, the department throughout the year.

44. The income derived from the working of the department was Rs. 3,25,317-11-2 as compared with Rs. 2,67,106-11-11 of the last year showing an increase of Rs. 58,210-15-3.

45. The result of Excise cases was as under:—

*Excise Cases.*

No. of cases sent up for trial		Fines imposed	
1941—42	1942—43	1941—42	1942—43
21	6	Rs. 915/-	Rs. 450/-

46. The income derived from the working of the Opium Department, composed of the sales of Ganja, Bhang, Charas and Opium, during the year under report was as under—

*Opium Ganja  
Bhang and  
Charas*

Item	1941—42 Rs. A. P.	1942—43 Rs. A. P.	Increase Rs. A. P.	Decrease Rs. A. P.
Opium	21,751-1-1	35901-0-11	14149-15-10	
Ganja. Bhang Charas	15,928-5-10	10313-4-1		5615-1-9
Miscellaneous	636-7-0	582-11-0		53-12-0
Total...	3,8315-13-11	46,797-0-0	14149-15-10	5668-13-9

47. Thus the total income of the working of the Excise Department during the year under report comes to Rs. 372,114-11-2 as compared with Rs. 305422-9-10 of the last year which shows an increase of Rs 66692-1-4.

48. Opium was sold at Rs. 37-8-0 per lb. throughout the year  
*Selling prices of opium, etc.* Ganja was sold at Rs. 20/- and Bhang at Rs. 3/2 per seer of 40 Tolas. Charas was sold at Rs. 50/- per seer throughout the year.

49. The expenditure incurred on the working of the opium branch was Rs. 950-13-8 as against Rs. 1008-1-0  
*Expenditure* of the last year.

50. The comparative statement of sale of the drugs mentioned above is as under;-

*Quantities of  
Opium, etc.  
sold.*

Item.	1941-42 S. T. Vals	1942-48 S. T. Vals
Opium	583—34-24	978—36-16
Bhang	291—38-16	565—28-16
Ganja	437—8—8	293—5—0
Charas	189—16-24	60—26—0

51. The detection of opium cases.

No. of cases detected.	Quantity of opium smuggled Lb. T Vals	Fine imposed Rs. as. ps.
1941-42 1	45—0—0 (Poppy Heads)	51—0—0
1942-43 3	Opium 0—9—0 Ganja 3—0—24	} 135—0—0

52. The total expenditure of the department including the Distillery amounted to Rs. 49,774-4-1 as compared with Rs. 31156-13-4 of the last year, showing an increase of Rs. 18617-6-9

*Total Expenditure.*

53. Salt is not manufactured in the State but it is supplied to the subjects of the State by the Governments and fixed sum of Rs 1,425—5—0 is given to the State as compensation by Government for its Transit Duty.

*Salt.*

## COURT OF WARDS.

54 Maharaj Kumar Shree Amar Singhji remained in charge of the Court of Wards throughout the year.

55. The number of estates large and small under the management of Court of Wards on account of various reasons was 22 at the end of the year 1941—42. Six more Jagirs were taken under management during the year under report for the reasons mentioned against the name of each,

(1) Biladia	Demise of its holder
(2) Khumapur	Do
(3) Chulla	Do
(4) Rampur	Do
(5) Navachamu	Dispute amongst Bhayats.
(6) Kukadia	Indebtedness

Eight Jagirs viz. Arsamada, Sarwana, Rampur, Kuvavav, Panchal, Itava, Nava Chamu & Bamna were released from the management, the first two being bestowed upon the heir, the last having paid up the debt & the remaining five on settlement of the disputes. Thus at the close of the year there were 20 estates under the charge of department.

56. The following statement gives the details of Jagirs under State management during the year 1942—43.

No	Causes of attachment	Estates under attachment at the beginning of the year	Estates under attachment at the end of the year.
1.	Attached on account of minority.    ...    ...    ...	11	11
2.	Disputed    ...    ...    ...	6	5
3.	Attached owing to indebtedness...	3	3
4.	Attached owing to internal disputes    ...    ...    ...	2	1
		22	20

57. The following table shows the number of Estates under attachment, the annual demand, realization and arrears for the year under report:—

No of Estates	Demand with past arrears at the beginning of the year.	Collection during the year.	Demand at the end of the year.	Expenditure.
20	95433-5-8	78845-14-2	16,587-7-6	53,714-13-5

58. The total debt over the attached estates due to the State at the beginning of the year was Rs. 22,968-13-5. The amount of

debt incurred by the estates during the year was Rs. 33493-1-6 making the total amount due as Rs. 56461-14-11. Out of this an amount Rs. 20275-7-10 was recovered during the year leaving a balance of Rs. 36,186-7-1 due from the Jagirs at the end of the year,

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## CHAPTER III

### PROTECTION.

59. Certain ordinances and control orders promulgated in British India, necessitated by the war, were made applicable within the State.  
*Acts and Enactments.*

### (B) JUSTICE

60. The constitution of the Judiciary remained unaltered during the year under report.  
*Judicial Machinery.*

The Judiciary is entirely separated from the executive and is totally independent of executive influence. The High Court is presided by a retired experienced man of the Bombay Judiciary. All other courts are presided by law graduates.

61. Dewan Bahadur C. N. Mehta retired District and Sessions Judge of the Bombay Provincial service exercised the powers of the High Court throughout the year.  
*High Court.*

## 1 Criminal Justice.

62. Mr. D. V. Yennemadi B. A. LL. B. retired District and Sessions Judge Bombay Presidency acted as District and Sessions Judge throughout the year.

63. The courts exercising the magisterial Jurisdiction are detailed below:—

*Stipendiary &* (a) Stipendiary Magistrates:—

*Honorary Magistrates* 2 District Majistrates; of Himatnagar District and Idar District

5 First Class Magistrates; at Himatnagar, Idar Vadali, Sabalpur and Khed-Poshina

2 Second Class Magistrates at Bhiloda and Bayad

(b) Honorary Magistrates:—

3 First Class Magistrates. Maharaj Shree Man Singhji of Jaswantgadh, Maharaj Shree Madan Singhji of pratapgadh, and Raja of Chandarni. 1 Second Class Magistrate; Maharaj Udey Singhji of Soor.

The magisterial powers of Rajah of Kukadia were withdrawn owing to his conviction of a serious offence.

64. There were 58 cases involving 145 offenders, awaiting trial in the several courts at the close of the previous year. 514 fresh cases involving 1152 offenders were received during the year under report; (as against 517 cases with 1217 offenders in the year 1940-41)

*Number of cases and offenders.*

making a total of 572 cases with 1297 offenders for trial. Of these 505 cases involving 1108 offenders were disposed of by the end of the year leaving a balance of 67 cases with 189 offenders at the close of year as against 512 cases with 1221 accused disposed of during the previous year.

65. Out of 1108 accused whose cases were disposed of during the year, 175 were convicted, 650 were acquitted, 269 *Disposal of* were discharged, and 14 were committed or *Cases.* returned.

66. There were three cases of opium smuggling involving three accused which were disposed of during the year under report.

67. There were 3 cases involving 7 offenders pending before the Sessions Court at the commencement of the year. *Sessions* 9 new cases with 22 accused came up for trial *Work.* during the year making a total of 12 cases with 29 accused (as against 19 cases with 41 offenders in the previous year). Of these, 10 cases concerning 19 offenders were disposed of by the end of the year, leaving a balance of 2 cases with 10 offenders at the close of the year.

68. Out of 29 accused tried before the sessions court, 6 were convicted, 12 were acquitted and 1 died. The average duration of the sessions trial was 63 days as against 67 days during the previous year.

69. In the Court of the Sessions Judge there were 3 criminal



appeals pending at the commencement of the year,  
*Appeals.* and 10 fresh appeals including revisions and miscellaneous applications were filed during the year making a total of 13. Of these 8 were disposed of leaving a balance of 5 at the close of the year.

70. In the District Magistrates' Courts no criminal appeals were pending at the commencement of the year, 2 appeals were received and disposed of during the year under report.

71. In addition to the 2 appeals pending at the commencement of the year 5 fresh appeals were preferred in the  
*High Court Appeals.* High Court making a total of 7. Out of these 5 appeals were disposed of during the year leaving 2 appeals pending at the end of the year.

Besides these, 5 revision petitions and 5 references were disposed of by the High Court.

72. Two appeals were pending at the beginning of the year and 2 fresh appeals were submitted making a total of  
*Appeals to His Highness* 5 which were disposed of during the year under report. One revision application which was pending at the beginning of the year was also disposed of. No fresh revision application was filed during the year.

## II Civil Justice

73. The number of courts exercising civil jurisdiction during the

*Civil Court.* year under report remained 10, same as last year exercising jurisdiction as shown against each in the table below—

Name of Courts.	Jurisdiction to hear suits.
1. Sar Nyayadhish Court ...	unlimited  Also Probate and Succession Cases and appellate jurisdiction over all munsiff Courts.
2. Munsiff Court at Himatnagar...	Suits up to the value of Rs. 2000/-
3. „ „ Idar ...	„ „ „ „ „
4. „ „ Sabalpur ...	„ „ „ „ „
5. „ „ Khed-Poshina	„ „ „ „ „
6. „ „ Vadali	„ „ value of Rs. 500/-
7. „ „ Bayad	„ „ „ „ „
8. „ „ Bhitoda	„ „ „ „ „
9. Hony Munsiff for the Jaswantgadh Jagir... ..	„ „ „ Rs. 1000/-
10. Hony. munsiff for the Pratapgadh Jagir ... ..	„ „ „ „ „

74. The year commenced with a balance of 69 suits. 880 suits were filed during the year, as against 970 filed last year, making a total of 949. Out of these 811 were disposed of, as against 977 disposed of during the

*Number of Suits*

last year, leaving a balance of 68 suits at the end of the year.

75. Of the 880 suits filed during the year 14 related to landed property, 808 were money suits, and 58 related to other rights.

76. The total valuation of the suits filed in the year amounted to Rs 2,35,031-4-2 as against 2,37,228 6-4 in the preceding year.

77. The particulars relating to the disposal of these suits are as shown below;—

Disposed of exparte	227
Compromised	399
Struck off the file	165
Decided otherwise	90
	<hr/>
	881

78. There were 291 execution applications in arrears at the beginning of the year. 1308 fresh ones were filed during the year, as against 1701 in the year 1941-42, making a total of 1599 of which 1445 were disposed of as against 1588 disposed of last year, leaving 154 in arrears at the end of the year.

79. The Sar Nyayadhish Court received 11 appeals during the year which with 9 in balance totalled 20. Out of them 17 were disposed of leaving 3 in arrears. In Appeals disposed of by Sar-Nyayadhish 9 of these the decisions of the lower court were

confirmed, 1 was remanded, 2 were rejected and 2 were compromised "and" 3 were reversed

80. No appeal was pending at the beginning of the year and 5 fresh appeals were filed during the year under *Appeals disposed of by the High Court.* report. All of these were disposed of during the year under report leaving none in the balance.

81. Besides the above appeals 6 revision petitions and 1 transfer application were filed during the year which were all disposed of.

82. There were 4 appeals pending at the beginning of the year. Two new appeals were filed during the year making *Appeals to His Highness* the total of 6. Of these four were disposed of during the year, leaving 2 in arrears.

## CIVIL POLITICAL SUITS AND APPEALS.

83. During the year under report the Sardar Court was the original court of jurisdiction for civil political suits *Civil Political Suits.* except with regards to the cases of boundry disputes and of Baharkhali lands which were heard and disposed of by the Survey Superintendent and the Revenue Commissioner respectively.

84. The following table shows the original work done by the said Courts in the year under report as compared with that in 1941-42.

Court	Suits and Darkhasts Pending at the beginning of the year	Admitted during the year	Total.	Dispo- sed of	Balance at the close of the year
Sardar Court					
1941—42	22+14=36	11+4=15	33+18=51	5+6=11	28+12=40
1942—43	28+12=40	10+7=17	38+19=57	6+4=10	32+15=47
Survey Supdt.					
1941—42	279	15	294	13	281
1942—43	281	18	299	7	292
Total					
1941—42	315	30	345	24	321
1942—43	321	35	356	17	339

In addition to these 8 criminal cases were pending before the Sardar Court in the beginning of the year, and 5 cases were filed during the year, making a total of 13. Of these 8 were disposed of, leaving 5 in balance.

85. In the Mahekmakhas, there were 9 appeals pending at the beginning of the year and five fresh appeals were filed during the year under report, making a total of 14 appeals. Out of these one appeal was disposed of during the year leaving 13 pending at the close of the year. One review application was filed and disposed of during the year under report.

86. The total cash receipts of civil and criminal courts (from court fees, fines and other items) and expenditure during the year as compared with those of the last year were as under:—

Year.	Income.	Expenditure.
1941—42	15,942-14-10	23,607-9-11
1942—43	25,634—3—6	27,578-8—9

87. Courts of Bayad and Sabalpur were inspected during the year.

#### PLEADERS.

88. The number of pleaders this year in the State was 30 as against 33 last year. As a rule Sanands are granted to Barristers and to those holding the degree of LL. B. or those who have passed the High Court Pleader's or Advocate's or District Pleader's examinations.

89. The following table shows the number of pleaders grouped according to qualifications:—

Barristers.	LL. BS.	High Court Pleaders & Advocates	District Court Pleaders	Local Pleaders	Total
1	9	7	1	12	30

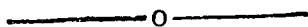
## (C) MILITARY.

90. Captain Naraindas Tuli was appointed as Commandant of the Idar Sir Pratap Infantry on 20th. July 1943  
*Personnel* & continued as such for the rest of the year.

91. The Idar Sir Pratap Infantry consists of one company Class 'B' (4 Platoons, Headquarters and Band) and one  
*Organization.* duty company with the total sanctioned strength of 233.

92. The Active company is armed with Rifles short E. Y., and swords Bayonets P/03 I. P.  
*Arms.*

93. The total expenditure of the Infantry during the year under report was Rs. 57624-10-4 as against Rs 57126-13-6  
*Expenditure.* last year exclusive of Rs. 21815-4-3 spent on the duty Company.



## POLICE.

94. Mr. Hiralal Motilal Almoula a retired Deputy, Superintendent of Police of the Bombay Province was in  
*Personnel.* charge of the department as Superintendent of Police throughout the year under report.

95. The whole Police force worked in harmony with the Abkari Police and all possible and timely help was given every time in detecting cases of manufacturing illicit liquor. *Action of Police in dealing with offences under the Excise Abkari Act, etc*

96. There was no such class of persons noticed in the northern division but one or two notorious gangs of outlaws wandering on the borders of Bayad Taluka in Southern division, extorted money from two or three places and bolted away in adjoining foreign territory. Special Police party was posted at Gabat and Bayad in order to trace and put a stop to this kind of extortion and since then no such incident has occurred. *Criminal classes and influx of Suspicious persons.*

97. During the year two accused escaped from custody, but they were subsequently arrested prosecuted, and convicted. *Escapes and re-captures*

98. On the whole the health of the whole Force remained good. No epidemic disease appeared during the year in the State. Eight men died during the year due to different diseases. *Health.*

99. Village Police consisting of Mukhis and Chokiats are under the control of the Police Department. They worked quite in harmony with the Police. *Village Police.*



100. Total number of cognizable cases reported and registered during the year was 233 against 264 of the last year.  
*Police cases*

101. Eight cases were excluded on police reports under class "C"  
*Excluded cases on Police reports under Class 'B' and Class 'C'*

102. Only one case was disposed of under this head and approval summary obtained.  
*Cases disposed of under section 157 (b)*

103. 33 cases were disposed of and excluded under 'A' 'B' and 'C' (17+0+16) by courts including discharges and acquittals.  
*Excluded cases on Police reports after trial*

104. 135 cases were sent up for trial, out of which 72 ended in conviction, 33 ended in discharge or acquittals, and 30 remained pending trial in courts at the close of the year. 35 cases remained undetected as against 29 during last year. 54 cases remained with the Police pending investigation at the close of the year  
*Number of cases sent up for trial by the Police (Suo-Moto)*

It would appear that the result of cases ending in conviction comes to 68-8%

105. The result of serious cases:—

	1941—42	1942—43
Murders	6	8
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	1	3
Attempt at murder	4	1
Dacoity	7	8
Robbery	9	12
Counterfeit coins	0	0
	<hr/> 27	<hr/> 32

106. 8 cases were sent up for trial in Sessions out of which 3 ended in conviction 3 in discharge or acquittal and 2 remained pending trial.

*Trial of Sessions Cases*

107. During the year 310 persons were arrested, 140 persons were awaiting trial at the close of the last year which makes a total of 450. Out of these 135 were convicted, 115 were discharged or acquitted and 200 awaited trial at the end of the year

*Persons arrested in police cases (Suo Motu)*

108. The value of the property stolen was Rs. 15,904-6-6 and that of property recovered was Rs 5780-3-3 as against Rs 16436-6-6 and Rs. 5810-3-3 of the last year

*Property stolen and recovered.*

109. Rewards were awarded to 95 men and officers for good

detection work. Good service Tickets were issued  
*Rewards and* to 26 men during the year for good work.  
*good Service*  
*Tickets.*

110. Out of the total force, 24 were discharged, 2 were dismissed,  
 5 were reduced, 2 were suspended and 12 were  
*Punishment.* fined during the year under report.

111. 45 men resigned, 15 men retired and 8 men died during  
 the year under report.  
*Casualties*  
*Resignations*  
*and deaths.*

112. During the year 102 new recruits were enlisted in the  
 constabulary. Most of them are local men.  
*Enlistment.*

113. Peace and order prevailed in the State throughout the year  
 under report. No disturbance of any kind occurred  
*Peace and* at any place in the State.  
*Order.*

114. No such movement existed in the State at all.  
*civil-disobedi-*  
*ence movement*

115. There was no agitation of any kind from inside or outside  
*Agitation.* the State throughout the year.

116. Three persons were prosecuted and bound over under sections

107 Cr. P. C.

*Action of  
Police in res-  
pect of bad  
characters.*

117. Twelve Cases occurred under the District Police Act, The offenders were prosecuted and convicted.

*Cases under  
District Police  
Act.*

118. Thirteen cases occurred under the Defence of India Rules, all of which were disposed of, and the persons involved convicted.

*Cases under  
the Defence of  
India Rules.*

119. Three cases were detected under the Motor Vehicle act. The offenders were prosecuted and convicted.

*Cases under  
Motor Vehicle  
act.*

120. The strength of the Police was;—

<i>Strength.</i>	Superintendent of Police	1
	Assistant Supdt. of Police	1
	Police Inspectors	2
	Sub Inspectors of Police	13
	Head Constables	88
	Constables	331

121. The total expenditure of the Department amounted to Rs. 99280-14-11 as against Rs. 91172/— in the last *Expenditure.* year.

122. Arrangements are made at the head quarters for the training of the personnel under experienced officers.

### E EXTRADITION.

123. The number of persons made over by the State to British India and other Native States during the year was 9 and 11 in 4 and 4 cases as against 1 and 19 in 1 and 7 cases in 1941-42. The number of surrenders made to the State by the above authorities during the year was 4 and 12 persons in 3 and 6 cases respectively as against 4 and 19 persons in 4 and 10 cases in 1941-42.

### F PRISONS

124. The Jails were in charge of the Sar Nyayadhish throughout the year under report and Mr. Faljibhai worked *Personnel.* as Jailor at the Central Jail.

125. There were 12 Jails and lock-ups in the State at the end of the year under report including the Central Jail *Number of* at Himatnagar. *Jails.*

126. The number of prisoners at the end of the last year 1941-42

*Number of Prisoners* was 125 and 320 prisoners were admitted during the year under report, making a total of 445 as against 484 in the previous year. Of these, 320 were released or discharged leaving 125 in the Jails at the end of the year.

127. The average daily number of prisoners in the Central Jail was 100-3 and the total daily average in all the Jails comes to 110-4 as against 104-35½ in the last year.  
*The daily average attendance.*

128. There were 2 under-trial prisoners at the end of the last year in the Central Jail. 57 were newly admitted during the year under report, making a total of 59 as against 53 in the previous year. Cases of 55 were disposed of during the year and there remained 4 under trial prisoners in the Central Jail at the end of the year.  
*Under-trial Prisoners.*

129. The cost of maintaining the prisoners in the Central Jail and other Khalsa Jails, exclusive of guards expenses, amounted in the year under report to Rs. 14712-0-3 as against Rs. 11206-8-2 in the previous year.  
*Cost.*

130. The Jail Guard was furnished by the Police throughout the year at an approximate cost of Rs. 2316-0-0.  
*Jail Guard.*

131. During the year under report the prisoners were mainly

*Employment of Jail labour.* employed in weaving and other manual labours of miscellaneous nature i. e. gardening and corn grinding and the like. The work done by them in the said jobs realised a total income of Rs. 1764-4-6 as against Rs. 1525-9-4 in the last year.

132. A Factory on a small scale is maintained and run where in the prisoners are taught carpet making, cloth weaving and nawar making. The work of carpentry is also being taught.

*Jail Factory.*

### G REGISTRATION.

133. There were 14 documents pending registration at the end of the previous year. 974 documents were presented for registration during the year under report as against 957 in the previous year. Out of the total of 988 documents 955 were registered and registry was refused in 18, while 15 documents remained unregistered at the close of the year.

134. The aggregate value of the properties covered by the registered documents during the year amounted to Rs. 625400-4-0 as against Rs. 564572-12-6 in the previous year.

135. There was no registration appeal pending from last year. Ten appeals were preferred during the year. Out of which eight were disposed of leaving 2 in arrears at the end of the year.

136. The registration fees realized during the year amounted to Rs. 3849-4-0 as against Rs. 3795-8-0 in the previous year.

## LOCAL BODIES

137. Raj Bhushan Mr. Kedar Nath Bhandari B. A. continued to be in charge of the Department as Director of *Personnel*. Agricultural and Local Bodies, throughout the year.

138. All the Village Panchayats, Taluka Boards and Sanitary Boards continued to work satisfactorily throughout the year under the general guidance and supervision of the Director of Local Bodies. The sanitation and general cleanliness of the villages was nicely looked after by the *Village Panchayats & Taluka Boards* and Boards.

139. (a) The various municipalities continued to function satisfactorily throughout the year.

### *Municipalities*

139. (b) 50% of the members of the municipal committees are elected by the public and the other 50% are non officials nominated from the Public. The Vice President is elected by the members.

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## CHAPTER IV.

## Production and Distribution

## A Weather and Crops

140. The Statement given below shows the rainfall measured at different centres in the State during the year of *Rain fall.* report as compared with that of the last preceeding year and also the average of the last five preceeding years:—

Mahal.	Rainfall during the year 1941-42 In. Cents	Rainfall during the year under report 1942-43 In Cents	Average of the last five years In. Cents
Himatnagar	41—52	33—43	37—45
Idar	39—70	46—68	45—46
Vadali	35—50	30—68	34—34
Bayad	44—63	35—00	38—21
Chiloda	46—25	35—06	42—70
Meghraj	46—57	40—05	47—84
Khedbrahma	46—88	34—11	36—66
Raigadh	44—41	38—13	43—79
Poshina	24— 1	23—65	23—54
Sabalpur	41— 1	37—15	

The rain was good and well spread and so the prospects for the crops were bright.

## B Wages and labour.

141. The rate of wages to labour during the year of report remained generally as under:—

Males 0-10-0 Females 0-8-0 and Children 0-6-0

142. The subjoined statement shows the prices of various staple food grains that prevailed during the year of report in the state.

**Statement of prices of staple food-grains in the Idar State during the year of report (1942—43)**

No.	Months.	SEERS (80 TOLAS) PER ONE RUPEE						Remarks
		Wheat	Bajri	Maize	Pulses	Jawari	Rice	
1	October	8½	8½	11	3	10½	5	
2	November	8	8½	13	3	11½	3	
3	December	6¾	7¼	8¾	3	8	4	
4	January	5¾	6½	7	2½	6½	3	
5	February	5¾	5½	6¾	2	6	2¾	
6	March	6	6	8	2	6½	3	
7	April	6½	6	8	2	6½	2½	
8	May	5¾	5¾	7	2	6½	3¼	
9	June	5¾	5½	7	4	6½	3	
10	July	5¾	6	7½	3	6	3	
11	August	5½	5½	7½	2½	6	3½	
12	September	6	5½	7	2½	6½	3½	

## FOREST.

143. Mr. A. P. Kodaisia B. Sc. continued to be in charge of the Department throughout the year.  
*Personnel.*

144. The extent of the forest area remained the same as in the last year i. e. nearly 300 sq. miles about half of which is mixed deciduous teak forest. During the year three coupes were laid out and auctioned, bringing an income of Rs. 27005/- against Rs. 8077/- realised last year in auction of four coupes.  
*Area and kind of Forest.*

The result of lac cultivation during the year under report was not found very satisfactory as the brood lac imported from Baroda was found to be not good.

145. Out of the total demand of Rs. 1,15989-5-9 of the department during the year under report Rs. 108836-7-3 could be recovered against the total income of Rs. 72,769-8-4 of the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 43,219-13-5.  
*Income.*

146. The total expenditure of the department during the year amounted to Rs. 9563-0-3 as against Rs. 9293-11-11 of the previous year.  
*Expenditure.*

## AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

147. Raj Bhushan Lala Kedar Nath Bhanlari B. A. continued to

*Personnel.*            be in charge of the Department as Director of Agriculture and Local Bodies.

148. The problems of Agricultural improvements, village reconstruction and Local Bodies continued to receive the constant and active interest of the department.

### EXPRIMENTAL FARM.

149. The working of the farm was carried on as usual Special experiments were conducted in sugar cane, wheat and groundnuts. Out of the eight varieties of sugar cane tried Pundya C O. 419, Udaipur Pundya and E. K. 28 were found quite satisfactory and produced excellent Jaggery. Seed canes for 3 demonstration plots were given—two in Vasai and one in Malasa.

150. For testing comparative quality and yield of various types of wheat, Pusa 52, Nephad 8, and Nephad 81 were tried on the Farm, Nephad 8 was found most satisfactory in quality and yield.

151. A new variety of Akola 10 groundnut was sown for seed purposes and produced big pods in fair amount which have been reserved for the next year.

152. A trial was given to a new type of Maize from Africa named "Hickory king." The experiment was a failure as it did not suit local climate.

153. Tobacco was undertaken and G. 6 variety was sown on the Farm and produced a very strong jarda which can be rendered mild, weak or strong according to cultural and curing treatment. Gadaku, Sukka, Pipe tobacco and snuff have been made from this variety.

154. Over and above these, fodder crops such as Jowar, Bajri, Mug, Guvar and Maize were grown and the out turn supplemented the feed-stuffs of the Farm bullocks and dairy cattle

155. In the horticultural section, nine new mango grafts 3 Dasari and 6 BatliAlfonzo were planted in a new plot. The mangoes, Lemons, oranges, Chikoo, Pears, Plums, Figs, Peaches, Lichee, Pineapples, Jack Fruit and Mangoosteen banana sown last year were properly treated and irrigated Pomegranates, Guava, and few mango plants have started bearing.

156. Vegetables such as potatoes, tomatoes, brinjals, chillies, cauliflower, and cabbage were grown which gave an excellent income. The out turn of potatoes was adversely affected by unavoidable circumstances.

157. Large scarlet radish and turnips were well developed and produced unususally big sizes for this locality. The longest brinjal was 21" and the biggest size cabbage weighed 16 lbs.

158. At present Lemon Squash, Tomato Juice and Gulkand are manufactured on the Farm in very limited quantities but as the surplus of raw material increases the canning section

will be gradually expanded and the manufacture will be done on a large scale.

159. In addition to other improvements two engine pump sets were fitted on two wells and the engine rooms were constructed for the same. This increased the irrigation facilities to a greater extent.

160. In the dairy the Haryana cattle the famous breed for the purposes of milk and draft, have been adversely affected by the climate and after three generations have deteriorated in vitality and milk yield. Surplus youngones including castrated calves were sold off at a very good price. Efforts are being made to rear five pedigree bulls to improve local cattle and two pure Haryana bulls are given in the District for the purpose.

161. The Geer Breed is lately introduced in the Farm. Three cows and one bull of pure pedigree are imported from Junagudh State Cattle Breeding Farm. The animals will be separately bred and will make a new herd.

162. Pure white Leghorn and Rhode Island Red breeds are maintained on the Farm and premier cocks will be given to the villagers to improve their local flocks.

White Leghorn are suitable for eggs and Red Rhode Island is dual purpose i. e. eggs and meat. The white and red are crossed with country breed and these crosses produce big eggs weighing between  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 oz.

163. The propaganda for increasing the plantation of sugar

cane C. O. 419 and wheat Pusa 52 was carried on vigorously. The area under cultivation of sugar cane has increased to 1795 acres during the year under report as compared with 1500 acres last year. The new method of preparing Gur has been adopted by the cultivators as a result of which the colour and quality of Gur has much improved. A new type of furnace was constructed on the Farm to prepare Jaggery. Jaggery sweet and fine was prepared in the Farm out of the sugar canes produced on it without mixing any chemicals with it.

### RURAL UPLIFT.

164. The activities for the betterment of villages was further carried on this year. The number of manure pits prepared in villages this year was 1444. The Bhambhi's kunds were removed away from the villages in 18 cases. The number of sites for skinning the carcasses shifted away from the village vicinity was 15. More attention was given to the general clearing of the village streets and drinking wells. 40 wells were treated with potassium permanganate. The propaganda was carried on to discontinue the use of step wells' water for drinking purposes as the disease of guinee worm was found in villages.

165. Medicines such as quinine, pain-balms, pain-killer, eye-drops, ear-drops, etc. were distributed free of charge where medical aid was not near at hand. Vala pills were also freely distributed to those suffering from guinee worms with good results.

166. Much stress was laid on personal hygiene, village Sanitation and social reforms. For this every village-guide visited the

villages and held meetings at nights.

167. The principal fairs held annually at Shamlaji, Jadar, Bhavnath and Umara were properly organised this year. The fair at Khed Brahma was suspended in deference to the wishes of the Government.

168. Local bodies inspector carried on the work of propaganda regarding the advisability of establishing Sanitation Committees, as a result of which 10 Sanitation Committees and 5 Sanitation Panchayats were revived. In all 24 Sanitation Committees functioned during the year under report.

169. The irrigation scheme to encourage irrigation of agricultural land brought in to force last year as a precautionary measure was continued during the year under report also. 41 wells of the agriculturists were sunk and repaired in addition to 5 public wells bored for drinking purposes at a cost of Rs. 6637-9-0.

170 Propaganda in the village were carried on as usual by holding miniature exhibitions, delivering lectures, publishing posters and stencilling instructive sayings on prominent places.

### INDUSTRIES.

171. The principal industry of the state is Agriculture on which nearly 80 p. c. of the State subjects depend for their livelihood. It is also the chief source of revenue to the State. It is therefore quite natural that the State



pays special attention towards its development. There is a very vast field for agricultural development in the State.

172. Weaving is the industry next to agriculture in point of importance which affords good scope for development. Prisoners in the State Jails are taught weaving on improved flyshuttle loom and they manufacture cloth of various patterns chiefly Carpets, Khadar, Towels, Patis long sheets etc.

173. There is a very great scope for oil pressing industry in the State as all sorts of oily seeds are available in the State such as Til, rape-seed, ground-nuts, Caster, Mahura seeds and Cotton seeds etc. The ground-nut Factory and oil mill at Himmatnagar continued to work satisfactorily.

174. Hide and skin tanning is another industry which is being profitably developed in the State. Raw hides and skins are available in plenty.

175. There are two Ginning and two pressing factories in the State. Cotton is extensively grown in the State and every year the area is steadily increasing for cotton growing.

176. Idar proper is noted for its wooden toys and wooden articles turned out on old lathes. There is a scope of developing this industry also by introducing improved implements of turnery.

177. A match factory at Himatnagar for the manufacture of all kinds of matches has also been established on modern lines. It will commence production from 1st. October 1943.

*Match  
Factory.*

#### 178. STARCH FACTORY:-

A well equipped factory for the manufacture of Starch from Wheat, Maize and Jowari has been established at Arsodia during the year under report.

#### 179. Himatnagar Glass and ceramic Industries Ltd.,:-

Sanction has already been given for the establishment of this factory, which is under construction. On its completion it will manufacture all kinds of Glass Ware, Pottery, Tiles, Bricks, Soda Silicate, Dry Paints, Soaps, Chemicals etc.,

#### 180. Shree Himmat Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works.:-

The works which are owned by the State are established at Himatnagar for the manufacture of all kinds of chemicals, Acids Drugs, Medicines, Tinctures, Injections, Soaps, Syrups, Spirits etc., and are run under the management of well qualified chemist and Vaidya. It's future seems pregnant. The object of establishment of these works is two fold. (1) to utilise the herbs and species found in the State forests, and (2) to meet the requirements of its Hospitals and Dispensaries as well as of Industrial Concerns. The injections and Tinctures manufactured in the works are certified by the Government Chemical Analyser Bombay. The preparation of Eau-De-Cologne is very much appreciated in the

market. The articles manufactured in the works are in very much demand from outside the State also.

## MINES AND QUARRIES

181. Mr. A. P. Kodaisia B. sc. remained in charge of the Department of Mines & Quarries throughout the year  
*Personnel.* under report.

182. Panpur Sand Stone quarries which produce best quality building material continued working satisfactorily.  
*Sand Stone Quarries.* On account of every day increasing use of cement and concrete, their future does not appear to be bright.

183. The Arsodia Kaolin Factory is the biggest and first of its kind in India. This factory is equipped with modern type of machinery and every thing is done there mechanically. During the year under report, this factory and the Eklara China Clay works remained under the charge of managing Agent Messrs. Sabar valley Kaolin and Starch Industries Ltd. 1107 tons of levigated Clay was exported from these factories during the year under report as against 4219 tons exported last year. The decrease in the quantity of its export was due to shortage in supply of wagons due to war.

184. These glass sand deposits were worked out departmentally  
*Silica deposits.* as during the previous year.

185. Kaolinised Kankar lime deposits of Berna and Raigadh continued working as usual. Shingles; locally known *Kankar lime* as cholia (small round gravels) continued to be exported.

186. Pipe-clay continued to be exported to Ahmedabad from Himmatnagar town during the year under report, *Pipe-clay.* It is largely used in the manufacture of Jars, sanitary pipes and cheap pottery.

187. On Asbestos Mine prospecting operations were carried on as usual during the year under report, by the licensee, but the vein of the mineral being very low and irregular he was not able to win it in sufficient quantity.

188. Talc deposits which are found associated with asbestos were also leased out at the end of the year under report. *Talc deposits* The licensee was however able to win a few tons.

189 The total income of the department during the year under report was Rs. 15823-5-2 as against Rs. 30628-5-3 *Income* of the last year. The decrease in the income of the department is due to the inability of the licensees to export in large quantities of these articles owing to shortage in supply of waggons.

## CHAPTER V.

## REVENUE AND FINANCE

190. Mr. Mohanlal S. Joshi, B. A., remained in charge of the department as Treasury Officer throughout the year  
*Personnel.* under report.

191. The average annual gross income of the State for the past 5 years including alienated estates comes to Rs.  
*Income.* 32,68,198/-

192. There was an opening balance of Rs. 300622-6-10 cash and Rs. 6498-13-10 invested aggregating to Rs. 307121-4-8 for the year under report and it closed with a balance of Rs. 25429-9-4 in cash and Rs. 565348-15-2 invested aggregating to Rs. 590778-8-6.

193. The total outstanding on account of Tagavi, loans and advances at the close of the year amounted to Rs.  
*Tagavi loans* 481235-12-4 as against 360677-12-1 in the  
*Advances.* previous year.

194. The arrears of the State revenues of the several departments amounted to Rs. 278457-7-10 at the close of the  
*Arrears.* year under report as against Rs. 328423-6-8 in the previous year.

198     The total expenditure on Public Works Department during  
*Expenditure*     the year under report amounted to Rs. 373639-14-2  
                 as against Rs. 1,23,174-2-7 in the previous year.

199     Of the total expenditure of Rs. 373639-14-2 the following  
*Work*               sums were spent on various Departmental buildings:-

*Tagavi loans* 481235-12-4 as against 360611-12-4 in the  
*Advances.* previous year.

194. The arrears of the State revenues of the several departments  
amounted to Rs. 278457-7-10 at the close of the  
*Arrears.* year under report as against Rs. 328423-6-8 in  
the previous year.

195 During the year under review this establishment audited  
*Audit.* 230 Daftars (accounts) maintained by the revenue  
 Talatis, Japtidars, Custom Nakadars, Saher Karkuns,  
 Cattle Pound keepers and Municipalities, etc. Various kinds of  
 demands amounting to Rs. 837-5-6 which remained unnoticed  
 by the departments concerned were detected by the audit staff  
 during the course of audit.

196 A detailed statement showing the receipts and expenditure  
 of the State under various major heads for the year under report  
 is appended herewith ( vide A )

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## CHAPTER VI

### PUBLIC WORKS

197 The Public Works Department remained in charge of the  
*Personnel* State Engineer Rao Sahab Jethabhai T. Desai till  
 April 1943 when he resigned. For the rest of the year  
 it remained in charge of Head Overseer Mr. Baldevsingh.

198 The total expenditure on Public Works Department during  
*Expenditure* the year under report amounted to Rs. 373639-14-2  
 as against Rs. 1,23,174-2-7 in the previous year.

199 Of the total expenditure of Rs. 373639-14-2 the following  
*Work* sums were spent on various Departmental buildings:-



Sir Pratap Infantry	416-13-0
Police	52531-1-9
Education	75,510-5-10
Medical	2026-14-7
Officer's Quarters	20,120-5-6
Other State Buildings (in Himatnagar and districts)	1,25,270-2-0
Agriculture	5627-12-8
Customs	5292-1-3
Revenue	621-0-1
Excise	3088-2-2
Aerodrome	316-10-0
Office Buildings	14058-11-4
Repairs to irrigation works	3896-3-1

200 Amongst the buildings of public utility constructed during the year under report the most important were the Shree Himat Boarding House at Idar and Shree Himmat Tower & Town Hall and additions to Shree Himat High School at Himatnagar.

## ROADS

201 The Idar Himatnagar Road and local roads at Himatnagar were regularly repaired throughout the year at a cost of Rs. 10,399 --3-1.

## CHAPTER VII

## MEDICAL RELIEF AND VITAL STATISTICS.

202 Dr. B. R. Hastir, M. B, B. S. continued in charge of  
*Personnel* the Medical Department.

203 The following table shows the maximum and minimum  
*Temperature* temperature recorded at Himatnagar, Idar, Vadali,  
 Bayad, Bhiloda, Megraj, Jaswantgadh and Poshina.

No.	Town.	Maximum Temperature	Minimum Temperature
1	Himatnagar	116 on 22—7—1943	46 on 28-12—1942
2	Idar	110 „ 24—5—1943	66 „ 17—1—1943
3	Vadali	113 „ 22—5—1943	58 „ 27-12—1942
4	Bayad	118 „ 15—5—1943	40 „ 1—2—1943
5	Bhiloda	108 „ 20—5—1943	52 „ 28-12—1942
6	Meghraj	118 „ 23—5—1943	48 „ 30—1—1943
7	Jaswantgadh	118 „ 18—5—1943	52 „ 30—1—1943
8	Poshina	112 „ 24—5—1943	51 „ 31-12—1942

204 The average rainfall in normal years is above 30 inches.  
*Rainfall.* The total average rainfall during the year under

report was 35-39, the minimum of 23-65 being at Poshina, and the maximum 46-68 being at Idar.

205 During the year there were no cases of cholera and plague in the State. Malaria was as usual the most prevalent disease. The other prevailing diseases were those of the respiratory system, and skin. Among the children the diseases of the ear and eye were common.

206 The total number of Medical Institutions in the State during the year under report was fourteen. Among these are the Sir Pratap Hospital at Himatnagar, the State Hospital at Idar and six State dispensaries at Vadali, Bayad, Bhiloda, Meghraj, Jaswantgadh and Poshina, the two Ayurvedic dispensaries at Bamna and Virpur and three grant-in-aid Ayurvedic dispensaries at Himatnagar, Kadiadra and Khed Brahma and one travelling dispensary with its head quarter at Himatnagar in charge of competent Vaidas who administer indigenous medicines to people in out lying villages,

207 The Sir Pratap Hospital is in charge of the Principal Medical Officer who is assisted by 2 qualified Doctors. There is a separate maternity section also in this Hospital in charge of a qualified Lady Doctor. Hospital at Idar and other dispensaries are in charge of qualified Doctors five of whom are Medical graduates and the two are L. C. P. S. The Ayurvedic dispensaries are in charge of qualified Vaidyas,

208 The total expenditure of the Department, excluding the Vaccination Department and Ayurvedic Dispensaries amounted to Rs. 79645—6—8 as against Rs, 46,269—6—6 in the preceding year.

*Expenditure.*

The total expenditure of Ayurvedic Dispensaries and the grant-in-aid Dispensaries amounted to Rs. 3931—11—6 as against Rs. 2993—0—11 of the last year.

209 The total number of patients treated during the year at the Allopathic State Institutions was 143339 as against 82639 of last year. Out of these 839 were indoor patients treated at the Sir Pratap Hospital Himatnagar and the total number of patients treated at this Hospital was 89261. The daily average of patients was 366.95 as against 226.40 of last year.

*Number of Patients treated.*

210 During the year under report 2503 operations were performed. Out of these, 1729 were performed at Sir Pratap Hospital of which, over 286 were major. The major operations included 74 cataracts, 7 Paracutecis, 5 Phymesis, 2 Stone Bladder, and 16 abnormal labours.

*Surgical Operations.*

211 There was one case of snake bite at Himatnagar. All the dispensaries continued to be stocked with a stock of Antivenine from the Pasteur Institute of Kasauli. Lander Bruntan Snake bite lancets have also been supplied to all State dispensaries, Talatis and Vaccinators.

*Snake bite Cases*

212 A sum of Rs. 150/- was provided in the Medical Budget for the year for sending indigent persons bitten by rabid dogs to the Anti-rabic Centre at Ahmedabad for preventive treatment.

213 The total number of post-mortems held during the year was 24. Of these 3 were at Himatnagar 9 at Vadali 4 at Meghraj, 2 at Idar, 4 at Bhiloda and 2 at Poshina.

214 The total births recorded during the year were 3713 as against 4407 in the preceding year. The number of deaths registered was 2888 as compared to 2700 in the preceding year. The birth per thousand come to 12-06 and the death rate to 9-38 as against 16-07 and 10-03 respectively in the preceding year.

215 Himatnagar, Idar, Vadali, Bhiloda Badoli and Khed Brahma have their own Municipalities and the sanitary arrangements of these places are supervised by their respective Municipal Officers. In all other villages the sanitation is looked after by the Mukhi Patels. The water supply during the year under report was adequate at all places. As a precautionary measure all wells used for drinking purposes are regularly disinfected.

216 Anti-malarial measures are adopted in Himatnagar viz— Regular spraying of stagnant pools, especially by the side of the river-bed with malarial; establishing proper drainage of waste

water, house to house inspection for breeding places of mosquitoes etc. This had a salutary effect and the incidence of malaria in Himatnagar is appreciably less. A good supply of quinine is distributed throughout the State in co-operation with the Education, Revenue and Police Departments of the State.

217 The Idar State Medical Practitioners Act was brought into force in the State from 1st January 1940. The *Medical Practitioner Act.* number of medical practitioners registered under this act was 34 out of which 15 were allopathic and 18 ayurvedic practitioners and one in both,

218 The Vaccination Department is under the supervision of the Principal Medical Officer. There is one Vaccination Inspector and one Head Vaccinator and 5 Vaccinators. The glycerine Lymph supplied by the Vaccine Institute Belgaum only is used for vaccination.

219 The number of persons primarily vaccinated was 9732 as against 9845 in the preceding year.

220 The total expenditure of the Vaccination Department during the year was Rs. 2674-14-0 as against 2646-1-6 in the preceding year.

## CHAPTER VIII

## EDUCATION

21. Mr. M. M. Khosla M. A. B. sc., continued to be in charge of the department as Director of Public Instruction during the year under report.

*Personnel.*

222. The total number of educational institutions in the State was 123. In addition to this 18 schools in the newly attached area came under the charge of the department during the year under report.

*Number of Institutions.*

The institutions are classified as under:—

- 2 High Schools
- 16 Middle schools
- 79 Primary schools for boys
- 3 Depressed class schools
- 10 Aided schools
- 13 Primary schools for girls
- 2 Middle schools in the Attached area
- 11 Primary schools for boys in the Attached area
- 5 Primary schools for girls in the Attached area

In addition to these there were during the year under report 39 private schools. These included 3 Mission schools and one

Middle school.

223 There are two High schools viz. The Sir Pratap High school at Idar and The Shri Himmat High school at Himatnagar. Both the High schools are well staffed and well equipped. Both the Schools are teaching upto Matriculation standard and are recognised by and affiliated to the Bombay University.

224. Out of 30 students sent up for the Matriculation examination from both the High schools 23 were successful. The result was 77% much higher than the average general result.

225. The teaching staff in Sir Pratap High school at Idar consisted of the Head master Mr. R. T. Raval M. A. B. T. and well qualified and experienced graduates and under-graduates including one T. D. ( Dublin University ), two B. A. B. T., one B. A. S. T. C. and two other S. T. C. and one B. Sc. A drawing teacher and gymnasium and drill teacher completed the unit. The staff in Shri Himmat High school at Himatnagar is also consisted of well qualified and experienced graduates and under-graduates including two B. A. B. T., three B. A. S. T. C. and one B. Sc. S. T. C.

226. Both the High schools are housed in well ventilated, spacious and commodious buildings.

227. Boarding Houses with accomodation for 100 boys at Idar



*Boarding  
Houses.*

and 75 boys at Himatnagar are attached to both the High schools. Besides a Rajput Boarding House exclusively for Rajput boys is run at Himatnagar.

228. The schools maintain regular scout troops which are occasionally taken on hikes to neighbouring beauty spots, local historical places or places of pilgrimage. Camp fires are also arranged occasionally.

229. Weekly Model classes were also regularly conducted in both the schools for the benefit of untrained teachers.

230 Two notable features of both the schools are the Co-operative stores, run solely for the benefit of the boys, to provide them books in their schools at moderate rates and the poor Boys' Library which loans books to poor deserving boys without any charge.

231 Both the main schools namely the S. P. High School, Idar and the Shri Himmat High School, Himatnagar, have each a well-furnished library with separate sections for teachers and students, a reading room and debating society. The number of volumes in the teachers' library in the S. P. High School, Idar is 2500 and that in the students' library is 1200. The Shri Himmat High School, Himatnagar, has got 1870 volumes in the teachers' library and 850 in the students' library. New books on teaching technique for reference and class use, and for general reading are added every year. Books such as boys and girls of tender age find great

interest in are secured every year to the students' library in both the schools. The reading room in both the schools is well provided with English and Gujarati dailies and many good educational and library magazines and periodicals.

232 Both the schools have well-equipped laboratories which are kept up-to-date with supplies of new apparatus every year. For teaching geography rooms and new charts, maps and apparatus are added every year. They have been well furnished with geometrical and other models for the teaching of drawing; and there are a large number of physiological models and charts to aid the teaching of physiology.

233 Physical exercise is compulsory and students are trained in exercise with lathis, lezim, clubs etc. Drill forms a regular part of the school curriculum and special drill teachers have been provided for the purpose. Boys play cricket, hockey, football, volley ball, basket ball and other outdoor and indoor games.

234 The training of the Civic Guards was necessitated by the exigencies of war. 110 boys were trained by the special Physical Inspector employed for the purpose and all these were supplied with the essential Civic Guard uniform. The training was a great success and was very much appreciated by the Hon'ble the Resident.

235. Both the schools are editing their own magazines. Sir Pratap High school at Idar has brought out a printed

magazine instead of a manuscript one this year.

236. The number of students in Sir Pratap High school at Idar and Shri Himmat High school at Himatnagar were *No. of the students in the High Schools.* 360 and 248 during the year under report as against 326 and 240 in the preceding year.

237 During the year under report, the number of State middle schools (including Gabat English school, Gabat, *Middle Schools.* which teaches upto the fourth Standard) teaching upto the third standard was eighteen. This number includes the Kadiadra Middle school which is a grant-in-aid school under the supervision of the Department, and the Verabar Middle school which is recognised by the department.

238 The total number of students in the above schools during the year under report was 2336 as against 2283 last year which shows a good increase.

239. Drill was made compulsory in all the middle schools and *Physical instructions in middle schools.* a few big primary schools. 25 teachers were trained as drill instructors by the Inspector of Physical Instructions who held his camp at Idar for the purpose. These trained teachers work as drill instructors in the schools where drill is made compulsory.

240 The number of girls' schools under the Department was *Girls' Schools.* 13 as against 12 last year. Besides these, there are

three private girls' schools, at Kadiadra, Kukadia, and Mudeti. The total number of girls in the schools was 680.

241 Drawing, knitting, embroidery, sewing and singing form a regular part of the curriculum of all girls' schools in addition to the usual literary subjects. Cooking was also taught in the schools teaching higher standards.

242. The girl school at Idar is teaching upto V. F. standard and II standard english. The head of the institution is a graduate.

*Girl school at Idar.*

243 The number of Antyaj Schools, during the year under report was 3 as last year At other places where, owing to insufficient number there are no special schools for Antyaj boys they receive education at the Primary Schools along with boys of other communities. The total number of Antyaj boys receiving education in all the schools including Antyaj schools, was 225 as against 221 last year.

*Antyaj Schools.*

244 The number of Primary Schools was 79 as against 77 last year. The total number of students in all the Primary Schools excluding Grant-in-aid and private schools was 3819.

*Primary Education.*

245 The number of aided institutions in the State during the year under report was 10. The following institutions received grant-in-aid during the year under report:-

*Aided Institutions.*

1. Kadiadra Middle School.
1. Anjuman-e-Islam Madresa, Himatnagar.
1. Sanskrit Path Shala, Vadali.
- 7, Primary Schools.

246 The total expenditure on grants during the year under report was Rs. 2333-7.

247 The number of students in all State managed (including grant-in-aid) schools was 8203. The total number of students in the various educational institutions both State managed and private was 9118, The number of students in the schools of the attached units was 1602,

*Number of Students*

248 96 students were sent up for the Vernacular Final Examination from different State schools during the year under report, of whom 76 were successful.

*Vernacular Final Results,*

249 During the year under report, the following scholarships under different heads were sanctioned.

*Scholarships*

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No.	Name of Scholarship	No. of Scholarships	amount per month	Yearly amount.
1	Medical	2	25-0-0	300-0-0
2	Sociology	1	10-0-0	120-0-0
3	Arts	1	10-0-0	120-0-0
4	Engineering	3	35-0-0	420-0-0
5	Vidya sabha fund Engineering Scholarship	1	10-0-0	120-0-0
6	Kesari Smarak Engineering Scholarship	1	15-0-0	180-0-0
7	Technical	1	25-0-0	300-0-0
8	for Primary and secondary Schools		127-8-0	1530-0-0
9	for Orphans		25-0-0	300-0-0
			282-8-0	3390-0-0

Thus the total amount spent on the Scholarships during the year was Rs. 3390. Many poor students were helped with books, clothes, examination fees etc. from the amount sanctioned for orphans.

### GENERAL REMARKS,

250 Scout troops are maintained in almost all the big schools under the Department and they are in charge of

*Scout Train-* trained scout masters who teach the boys scout craft  
*ing Camp.* and exercises including those with lathi, lezim,  
 clubs etc.

251 Exercise is compulsory and is regularly taken by students  
 in all the State Schools with the result that there  
*Physical* was very little sickness amongst boys during the  
*Culture.* year under report. In addition to this games like  
 hockey, football, and cricket are also played in most of the schools  
 and Lathi, Lezim, Clubs, Assans and other physical exercises are  
 also practised in many schools. The drill and athletic demon-  
 stration given by boys of both the High Schools in March 1943  
 was very much appreciated by the Resident for Western India  
 States Agency.

252 The S. P, High School, Idar and Shri Himmat High School  
 Himatnagar, possess Radio sets and have been  
*School* taking advantage of the school Broadeasts managed  
*Broadcasts.* by the All India Radio.

253 During the year under report many respectable gentlemen  
*Visits.* visited several schools and the remarks made by them  
 in the visit books are quite satisfactory.

254 The number of Kumars i. e. sons of Jagirdars receiving  
*No of* education in various State schools was 59 this year  
*Kumars.* as against 52 last year.

255 The total expenditure of the Department during the year

under report was Rs. 94244-15-0 as against Rs.  
*Total* 93953-10-5.  
*Expenditure*

## DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY.

256 Mr. M. M. Khosla worked as Director of Archaeology  
*Personnel.* during the year under report.

257 The Archaeological museum was maintained in good order.  
*Museum.* A few old coins were added to the museum during  
 the year.

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## CHAPTER IX.

### CONCLUSION.

258 The preceding chapters give details of the work done by  
 the various departments of the State during the  
*Brief summary*  
*of the activities* year under report. A brief summary of the main  
 activities is given below :—

- ( 1 ) The rainy season set in the end of June. It started  
 with light showers during the last week of June.  
 The rainfall was steady and well distributed through-  
 out the season. The prospects for the crops were  
 therefore very good and bumper yield was expected.

There was plenty of water in the wells and the



tanks the supply of fodder was sufficient. The conditions were very satisfactory alround and the prospects for the ensuing year looked bright.

The realisation of the land revenues and other State dues was also satisfactory. The crimes were normal. There was peace and tranquility in the State throughout the year.

- ( 2 ) His Highness the Maharaja Dhiraj Saheb himself, takes very keen interest in the spread of education in the State. Education, both primary and secondary is absolutely free in the State. Unfortunately some of the Jagirdars do not pay any attention towards the improvement of the lot of the people through education and consider schools to be a useless expense. Some difficulty is therefore experienced on that account. The total number of institutions in the State during the year were 141 including the schools in the attached area, In addition to these there were 39 private schools which included 3 mission schools. There are two High Schools at Himatnagar and Idar fully equipped and well staffed affiliated to the Bombay University. The total number of students in the various institutions of the State and the attached area were 9188 and 1602 respectively. Due attention is paid to the physical development of the students as well, and Surya Namaskars and other exercises are introduced in all the schools.

Liberal scholarships were granted by the State under various heads.

The Scout movement also maintained the good progress already made. It has become quite popular in the schools, which maintain regular scout troops.

- ( 3 ) The Panchayats Taluka Boards and Sanitary committees continued to do their useful work during the year under the guidance and supervision of Raj Bhusan Lala Kedar Nath Bhandari as director of Local Bodies. Particular attention was paid to the sanitation of the villages. The number of sanitation committees was 24 during the year as against 15 during the last year.

*Establishment  
of village Panchayats.*

- ( 4 ) The Sir Pratap Hospital, Himatnagar, continued to serve its useful purpose. During the year 2503 operations were performed of which over 286 were major. The hospital contains an up-to-date well equipped operation theatre.

*Sir Pratap  
Hospital  
Himatnagar.*

The total number of patients treated during the year at all the allopathic institutions in the State was 143339 as against 82639 patients treated last year out of these 839 were indoor patients

- ( 5 ) The repairs of the various roads were carried out while Rs. 373639/- were spent on building

new and repairing old State buildings as Rs. 1,23174 last year Besides this a large was spent on repairing the wells and t for the repairs of charitable institutions,

- (6). There is one Printing Press known as Th Vijaya Printing Press' at Himatnagar State work is done in this Press. This also supplied a great want felt by t public which had to go out even in ordin

*Mines and  
Quarries.*

- (7) The Department of Mines and Quarries, to work satisfactorily throughout the report. Besides the stone quarries, the mines at Aklara and the factory at A tinued their work and exported large qu ned Kaolin. The China Clay Factory at i biggest and first of its kind in I equipped with modern type of machin these Silica, Kaolinized Kankar and ; continued to be exported. A good quan clay was also exported. Prospecting wa asbestos, magnesite and Mica mines.

- (8) In order to check the tendency of u h prices of food-grains and to ensu supply of food-grains to the subjects y the export of food-grains was tota n The Result was that the food situati

during the year under report was satisfactory and no scarcity of any kind was felt by the people. Fair Price Shops for almost all necessities of life were opened at Himatnagar and Idar, where in people are allowed to purchase foodgrains, ghee, sugar, tea etc. at reasonable prices, for their consumption. These shops proved a great boon to the middle class and poor people.

- ( 9 )        Prices of foodgrains, cloth, sugar, gur and other necessary articles are controlled, and proper steps are being taken to see that no profiteering is being done, by the traders in these articles. Strict vigilance is being kept and the offenders are brought to book and strictly dealt with to ensure the supply of the controlled articles at the controlled rates.

259    As a result of the constitutional changes in the Western India States Agency, State of Mohanpur and Talukas of Vadagam, Sathamba, Gabat, Rupal, Dadhalia, Bolundra, Ranasan and Likhi and estates of Bhadardi and Moher of the former Sabar Kantha Agency were attached to the State with effect from 28th June 1943

*Attached  
area.*

Shree Maharaj Kumar Saheb Daljitsinhji Saheb is appointed as the Special Officer to conduct the relation of these attached units with the State on behalf of His Highness and the attached area is put under his charge.

An amount of Rs. 25,000/- has been sanctioned to be

utilised for the works of Public utility in the newly attached area.

260 There are no specific arrangements for training of the subordinate civil personnel. But before entering the State service, they are required to work as apprentices in order to acquaint themselves with the routine work.

261 No body from the State service is removed unless some kind of misconduct on his part is proved. A right of appeal is given to the subordinate staff against such order of the heads of the department. Thus the tenure of the public service is assured.

262 Begar of all kinds is abolished since long.

263 The heads of various departments and their establishments *Co-operation of the Heads of the Departments.* have been working diligently throughout the year and my thanks are due to them on that account.

264 For the very valuable advice and help which the State has received during the year, the thanks of the Durbar are due to the Hon'ble Lt. Col. P. Gaisford C. I. E. the Resident in the of Western India.

Himatnagar,

August 1944

J. N. Bhandari.

DEWAN, IDAR STATE.



## Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the

Serial No.	Heads of Receipts.	Amount.			Remarks.
13	Rekh-Ankda from Jagirs within State jurisdiction...	96907	2	1	
14	Idar Khichadi from States and Talukas beyond State jurisdiction ...	13053	7	8	
15	Receipts from Medical Department	3160	14	0	
16	Rent on Building for Khedbrahma Warehouse...	401	0	0	
17	Receipts on account of fair at Shamlaji ...	865	10	0	
18	Copying fees ...	2224	3	0	
19	Deadstock ...	1539	15	9	
20	Service Postage Stamps ...	788	4	6	
21	Receipts from Garthari lands ...	18330	7	2	
22	Survey Charges ...	723	8	9	
23	Receipts from Agricultural Dept.	3447	10	6	
24	Sale proceeds of buildings and other miscelleneous ...	33398	7	7	
25	Refunds ...	2970	9	11	

## Idar State during the year 1942-43.

Serial No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.	Rema- rks.
18	Opium Department ... ..	950 13 9	
19	Postal „ ... ..	10574 2 6	
20	State Motor khana ... ..	28939 12 6	
21	Memam khata ... ..	38048 13 6	
22	Electric & Water works ... ..	39888 12 9	
23	Domestic charges including festivals ... ..	453820 8 9	
24	Silekhana ... ..	2495 15 0	
25	Private Motorkhana ... ..	21381 6 6	
26	Palace Electric ... ..	10269 13 9	
27	Palace Dispensary ... ..	22227 11 3	
28	Faraskhana... ..	48754 5 6	
29	Games & Gardens ... ..	11859 12 3	
30	Personal Secretary Office ... ..	4132 10 6	
31	House Hold Controller's Office ... ..	7562 10 9	
32	Stables ... ..	9284 4 0	
33	Saddlery ... ..	661 12 0	



## Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the

Serial No.	Heads of Receipts.	Amount			Remarks.
1	Land Revenues:—				
	1. Fixed ... ..	462507	2	6	
	2. Fluctuating ... ..	245716	6	0	
	3. Miscellaneous ... ..	38620	3	3	
	Total...	746843	11	9	
2	Forest ... ..	104938	11	6	
3	Customs ... ..	886000	6	0	
4	Abkari ... ..	327847	13	7	
5	Opium & other intoxicating				
	Drugs ... ..	44630	13	11	
6	Stamps ... ..	60227	8	6	
7	Quarry & Mining ... ..	16748	4	6	
8	Judical & Jail ... ..	30900	3	11	
9	Registration ... ..	3816	0	0	
10	Izaras ... ..	47957	3	0	
11	Municipalities ... ..	20554	12	9	
12	Local cess including Jagiri				
	local cess ... ..	70810	8	4	

## Idar State during the year 1942-43

Serial No	Heads of Expenditures	Amount			Remarks ks.—
1	Tribute ... ..	30339	15	2	
2	Fixed Cash Payments ... ..	19528	11	8	
3	Mahekmakhas ... ..	56955	11	11	
4	Legislative Department	725	8	0	
5	Daftarkhana „ ... ..	2387	10	0	
6	Revenue „ ... ..	56820	7	3	
7	Forest „ .. ...	9563	0	3	
8	Japti „ ... ..	3574	15	9	
9	Survey „ ... ..	6109	1	3	
10	Quarry & Mining ... ..	2300	6	0	
11	Judical „... ..	35762	3	3	
12	Jail ... „... ..	14712	0	3	
13	Treasury „... ..	11925	8	3	
14	Audit „... ..	1511	0	0	
15	Stamp „... ..	2532		7	
16	Customs „... ..	43339	2	0	
17	Excise „... ..	74	4	1	

## Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the

Serial No.	Heads of Receipts.	Amount.			Remarks.
13	Rekh-Ankda from Jagirs within State jurisdiction...	96907	2	1	
14	Idar Khichadi from States and Talukas beyond State jurisdiction ...	13053	7	8	
15	Receipts from Medical Department	3160	14	0	
16	Rent on Building for Khedbrahma Warehouse...	401	0	0	
17	Receipts on account of fair at Shamlaji ...	865	10	0	
18	Copying fees ...	2224	3	0	
19	Deadstock ...	1539	15	9	
20	Service Postage Stamps ...	788	4	6	
21	Receipts from Garthari lands ...	18330	7	2	
22	Survey Charges ...	723	8	9	
23	Receipts from Agricultural Dept.	3447	10	6	
24	Sale proceeds of buildings and other miscelleneous ...	33398	7	7	
25	Refunds ...	2970	9	11	

## Idar State during the year 1942-43.

Serial No	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.	Rema- rks.
18	Opium Department ... ..	950 13 9	
19	Postal „ ... ..	10574 2 6	
20	State Motor khana ... ..	28939 12 6	
21	Memam khata ... ..	38048 13 6	
22	Electric & Water works ... ..	39888 12 9	
23	Domestic charges including festivals ... ..	453820 8 9	
24	Silekhana ... ..	2495 15 0	
25	Private Motorkhana ... ..	21381 6 6	
26	Palace Electric ... ..	10269 13 9	
27	Palace Dispensary ... ..	22227 11 3	
28	Faraskhana... ..	48754 5 6	
29	Games & Gardens ... ..	11859 12 3	
30	Personal Secretary Office ... ..	4132 10 6	
31	House Hold Controller's Office ... ..	7562 10 9	
32	Stables ... ..	9284 4 0	
33	Saddlery ... ..	661 12 0	

## Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the

Serial No.	Heads of Receipts.	Amount			Remarks.
26	Trading Licences ...	17032	13	2	* This amount is inclusive of Rs. 8156-10-10 on account of remissions
27	Gazette Subscription ...	2393	7	9	
28	Interest ...	35	14	0	
29	Arms Licences ...	590	8	0	
30	Motor Monopoly ...	23282	5	8	
31	Electric & Water Works...	22116	7	6	
32	Tiko ...	49689	15	2	
33	Education...	3359	2	5	
	Total...	*2657588	0	4	
	Deposits ...	228203	11	4	
	Advances ...	1324225	12	6	
	Total...	1552429	7	10	
	Total ..	4210017	8	2	
	Opening Balance...	300622	6	10	
	Grand Total...	4510639	15	0	

Idar State during the year 1942-43.

Serial No.	Heads of Expenditure.				Amount.			Rem - rks.
34	Nagarkhana	...	...	...	1017	14	0	
35	Sikarkhana	...	...	...	2663	5	0	
36	Thada & Mosar Charges	...	...	...	19776	6	6	
37	Camp Staff	...	...	...	17787	15	0	}
38	Private Body-Guards	...	...	...	623	8	0	
39	Palace Works	...	...	...	45919	3	3	
40	Police	...	...	...	100665	14	11	
41	Village Police	...	...	...	4884	5	0	
42	Education	...	...	...	94244	15	0	
43	Agriculture	...	...	...	35852	1	0	
44	Municipalities	...	...	...	26232	3	6	
45	Medical	...	...	...	63191	5	8	
46	Vaccination	...	...	...	2674	14	0	
47	Infantry & Band	...	...	...	49297	0	4	
48	Parvashi & Gratuity	...	...	...	39690	15	0	
49	State Gardens	...	...	...	14645	9	9	
50	Gazette Office	...	...	...	2183	10	6	



Idar State during the year 1942-43.

Serial No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount			Remar- ks.
51	Public Works Department ...	327720	10	11	
52	War ... ..	72190	9	3	
53	Archaeological Department ...	152	0	0	
54	Dowlat Club Grant ...	600	0	0	
55	Dharmada ... ..	3964	4	0	
56	Interest and Commission ...	13916	15	9	
57	Census Department ... ..	2071	11	6	
58	Agriculturist Industrial Bank ...	135	0	2	
59	Refunds ... ..	8915	11	2	
60	Expenditure relating to Shamlaji fair ... ..	1008	15	3	
61	Marketing Department ... ..	3581	11	3	
62	Shikh and Sirpao ... ..	1930	0	0	
63	Miscellaneous including contribu- tions and subscriptions to various institutions, legal charges, comp- ensation, adjustments etc. ...	16611	12	3	
64	Publicity ... ..	800	0	0	
65	Garthari Department ... ..	3221	6	8	



## Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the

Serial No	Heads of Receipts.	Amount	Remarks.

Idar State during the year 1942-43.

Serial No.	Heads of Expenditure	Amount			Remar- ks.
66	Special office ... ..	4637	11	0	
	Total...	2040725	15	4	
	Remissions ..	3156	10	10	
	Loan & Past debts...	302988	10	0	
	Deposits...	135822	1	9	
	Advances...	1997516	15	9	
	Total...	2444484	6	4	
	Grand Total...	4485210	5	8	
	Closing Balance...	25429	9	4	
	Total...	4510639	15	0	